Documents required for postmortem examination.

Ensure **copies** of all documents are kept in the maternal and baby medical record, send **originals** of the following documents with baby.

For all postmortem examinations	 <u>Pathology Request Form</u> a. Placenta request with maternal addressograph b. Autopsy request with baby or maternal addressograph (maternal addressograph for unregistered) c. Request for microarray maternal sticker If family have delegated Next of Kin (NOK) duties to another person <u>Authorisation to Delegate Responsibilities of Next of Kin</u> (SMR020.031)
	 3. <u>Perinatal Non-Coronial Postmortem Consent and Authorisation</u> (SMR020.029) a. Consent signed by parent/delegated NOK and Medical Officer b. Authorisation signed by hospital Designated Officer *(SEE NOTE)
	c. Original to go with the baby, photocopies to stay in medical record4. Postmortem Clinical Information form, plus
	 a. Relevant results, ultrasounds, pathology, pregnancy history, birth record and discharge summary. b. Documentation of family requests in relation to disposal/funeral arrangements, cultural considerations, dressing baby/garments
Registered Births	 For registered babies, a copy of <u>Medical Certificate of Cause of</u> <u>Perinatal Death</u> <u>Cremation Risk Advice (SMR010.523)</u>
Unregistered Births	 Agreement and arrangement for burial or cremation of unregistered babies SMR020.037
Add For parents/family collecting baby from Lab after examination	 <u>Authorisation of the Release of Human Tissue to a Patient or</u> <u>Next of Kin</u> (for family to collect baby from lab after examination SMR020.033) Letter; NSW Health Pathology Travelling with Human Tissue





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Appendix A – NSW Health forms		
Form code	Form name	
	Medical Certificate of Cause of Perinatal Death	
SMR010.523	Cremation Risk Advice	
SMR020.029	Perinatal Non-Coronial Postmortem Consent and Authorisation	
SMR020.031	Authorisation to Delegate Responsibilities of Next of Kin	
SMR020.033	Authorisation of the Release of Human Tissue to a Patient or Next of Kin	
SMR020.037	Agreement and Arrangement for Burial or Cremation of Unregistered Babies	

Designated Officer

- The Designated Officer cannot be the consenting doctor
- Designated Officers must be appointed in accordance with section 5 of the Human Tissue Act 1983 (NSW) by the governing body of a hospital or NSW Health pathology departments and forensic institutes.
- Designated Officers must complete mandatory training to become accredited and appointed. To remain eligible for reappointment, Designated Officers are required to successfully complete reaccreditation training every two years.
- The Designated Officer has discretionary authority. They are not obligated to authorise a procedure
- The Designated Officer's authority must be in writing, Designated Officers are required to authorise the removal and use of organs and tissue from a deceased's body in non-coronial post-mortem examinations



